MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

THE BLOOD AND LYMPH SYSTEM FILL IN THE BLANK KEY

ANATOMICAL TERMS

1. erythrocyte Red cell 2. leukocyte White cell 3. eosinophil Rose-colored granular leukocyte 4. thrombocyte Clotting cell Primary gland of lymphatic system 5 thymus 6. lymph Clear fluid 7. lacteals Special lymphatic vessels in small intestine that absorb fatty chyle 8. lymph ducts Channels that conduct lymph from nodes to 9. antigen Foreign substance which promotes formation of antibodies Substance produced by the body to attack 10. antibody antigens

SYMPTOMATIC AND DIAGNOSTIC TERMS

1. macrocytosis Presence of large red cells 2. microcytosis Presence of small red cells Presence of red cells of unequal size 3. anisocytosis Presence of red cells of varied shapes 4. poikilocytosis 5. cytolysis Breakdown of cell 6. cytocide Substance that kills cells 7. cytocidal Related to substance that kills cells 8. cytogenesis Production of cells 9. cytogenic Related to production of cells 10. cytometry Measuring of cells 11. cytopenia Abnormal reduction in cells 12. erythrocytopenia Abnormal reduction in red cells 13. erythrocytometer Instrument to measure red cells 14. erythrocytosis Abnormal increase in red cells 15. erythrophage A phagocyte that destroys red cells 16. erythrophagia The destruction of red cells 17. erythrophobia Irrational fear of red 18. erythruria Red urine 19. leukocidin A toxin that kills white cells 20. leukocytosis Abnormal increase in white cells 21. leukocytopenia Abnormal reduction in white cells 22. leukopenia Abnormal reduction in white cells 23. leukocytogenesis Production of white cells 24. leukocytolysis Breakdown of white cells 25, leukocytoma Tumor of white cells 26. leukocytotoxin Substance poisonous to white cells 27. leukocvturia White cells in urine 28. leukonychia White nails condition 29. leukorrhea White vaginal discharge White hair condition 30. leukotrichia

MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

31. microcytic-hypochromic anemia

Decrease in red blood cells involving small cells

and deficient color in the gland

32. hemochromatosis Genetic disease involving excess iron in the

blood

33. thrombocytopenia Abnormal reduction in platelets

OPERATIVE AND THERAPEUTIC TERMS

1. Adenotomy Incision into a gland 2. Adenectomy Excision of a gland 3. Lymphadenotomy Incision into a lymph node Excision of a lymph node 4. Lymphadenectomy 5. Cardiotomy Incision into the heart 6. Cardiectomy Excision of the heart Incision into the stomach 7. Gastrotomy 8. Gastrectomy Excision of the stomach 9. Splenectomy Excision of the spleen 10. Surgical incision of the spleen Splenotomy 11. Incision of the thymus gland Thymotomy 12. Excision of the thymus gland Thymectomy 13. Excision of the thyroid gland Thyroidectomy 14. Incision of the thyroid gland Thyroidotomy 15. Surgical fixation of the thymus gland Thymopexy 16. Study of the spleen Splenology 17. Fixation of the spleen Splenopexy 18. Suture of the spleen Splenorrhaphy 19. A dilation of the spleen Spenectasia 20. A written description of the spleen splenography 1. An enlarged spleen Splenomegaly 2. An enlarged heart Cardiomegaly 3. An enlarged stomach Gastromegaly 4. A softening of the spleen Splenomalacia 5. A softening of the spleen and bone Splenomyelomalacia marrow 6. A pain in the spleen Splenalgia, splenodynia 7. A tumor of the thymus Thymoma 8. A disease of the thymus Thymopathy